

United States to the United States courthouse referred to in section 1 shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Alto Lee Adams, Sr., United States Courthouse".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from California (Mr. DENHAM) and the gentlewoman from California (Mrs. NAPOLITANO) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. DENHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 1791.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

Mr. DENHAM. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

H.R. 1791 would designate the United States courthouse currently under construction at 101 South United States Route 1 in Fort Pierce, Florida, as the Alto Lee Adams, Sr., United States Courthouse.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the gentleman from Florida (Mr. ROONEY) for introducing this bipartisan legislation. I also want to thank the 21 cosponsors from the State of Florida for supporting this bill.

Chief Justice Alto Lee Adams, Sr., honorably served his community and the State of Florida throughout his life.

Chief Justice Adams was born in 1899 and was raised on a farm in Walton County, Florida. After graduating from the University of Florida College of Law in 1921, he practiced law in Fort Pierce, Florida, from 1924 to 1938. He was then appointed as circuit court judge for St. Lucie County.

After Floridians adopted an amendment to add a seventh justice on the State supreme court in 1940, Governor Fred Cone appointed Chief Justice Adams to the newly created seat. Chief Justice Adams served on the court from 1940 until 1951, and he was chief justice from 1949 until 1951. He sat on the bench again from 1967 until 1968.

Outside of his judicial career, Chief Justice Adams was active in his community. In 1937 he served as the president of the Florida State Elks Association. From '37 to '38, he served as the vice chair of the State welfare board.

Chief Justice Adams also devoted time to local business interests in St. Lucie County, including citrus groves and Bass Motors. He began a cattle ranch in 1937, which is still run by the Adams family. The ranch now encompasses over 65,000 acres in three counties.

I believe it's appropriate that we honor Chief Justice Adams's dedicated service for community and the State of Florida. I support passage of this legislation and urge my colleagues to do the same.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H.R. 1791 and am pleased today to speak in support of the bill that names the courthouse located in Fort Pierce, Florida, as the Alto Lee Adams, Sr., United States Courthouse.

I may seem redundant because my colleague has already mentioned most of the accomplishments of Judge Adams—the fact that he was born in 1899 in Florida and was in the U.S. Navy; that he graduated from the University of Florida Law School in 1921 and began legal practice in Fort Pierce in 1924; then from practicing law for nearly 14 years, Judge Adams was appointed, as was pointed out, to the Florida State Circuit Court in 1938. That was 2 years after I was born. After serving as a circuit court judge, he served as a member of the Florida Supreme Court, again, from 1940 to 1951 and then from 1967 to 1968 and was recognized as the first graduate of the University of Florida to serve as a justice and later chief justice of the Florida Supreme Court.

He was very well noted for his short, clear opinions as well as the several books he published and, of course, the legal articles he authored. In 1974 he was awarded the honor of being a distinguished alumnus of the University of Florida.

In addition to his judicial duties, he also served as an active member of his community, serving, as was pointed out, as the president of Florida State Elks Association and also as the vice chair of the State welfare board.

Because of his exemplary career in the public service, both in the military and the Florida Supreme Court, I urge my colleagues to join us in supporting H.R. 1791, which does name the U.S. courthouse at 101 South United States Route 1 in Fort Pierce, Florida, as the Alto Lee Adams, Sr., United States Courthouse.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DENHAM. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. ROONEY).

Mr. ROONEY. I thank the gentleman from California.

Mr. Speaker, today is a great day for the residents of Fort Pierce, Florida, and the Treasure Coast. Over two decades ago, the late Congressman Tom Lewis and his district director, Ann Decker, started the long process of making the courthouse a reality. The countless hours of dedication and work by those who followed him are now being rewarded with the construction of a new courthouse. I was greatly honored that one of my first official events as Congressman was to participate in the historic groundbreaking for this building.

I introduced this legislation to honor the distinguished life and career of the late Florida Supreme Court chief justice, Alto Lee Adams, by naming the new courthouse in his memory.

This courthouse will fill a vital role for the city of Fort Pierce, bringing much-needed jobs and investment to the community with this greatly needed new Federal courthouse. It is only fitting that the courthouse be named in honor of a man who himself gave so much to his community and the legal community of the State of Florida.

□ 1750

Chief Justice Alto Lee Adams attended the University of Florida College of Law in 1921. As was mentioned, he practiced law in Fort Pierce. He was appointed circuit court judge for St. Lucie County and was appointed to the State supreme court in 1940 by then-Governor Fred P. Cone. He served as a justice on the Florida supreme court from 1940 to 1951 and chief justice from 1949 to 1951.

Chief Justice Adams believed it was important to give back to his community. His service to St. Lucie County served as an example to his children and to those who knew him. Mr. Speaker, I can say, having spoken to some of the Adams family before I took the floor today, they are thrilled that this bill is being brought up as we speak.

In addition to his distinguished legal career, Justice Adams started a successful cattle ranch named the Adams Ranch in St. Lucie County—they just had their bull auction last week—and it is still run by the Adams family.

Judge Adams set a standard for integrity and community service that lives on today, and I believe it's only fitting that this new courthouse is named in his honor. I am proud to sponsor this bill, and I ask my colleagues for their support in naming this courthouse.

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, having no requests for time, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DENHAM. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. DENHAM) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1791.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 51 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m.

□ 1830

## AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. WESTMORELAND) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

PERMISSION TO FILE CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 2112, CONSOLIDATED AND FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2012

Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the managers on the part of the House have until midnight tonight, November 14, to file the conference report to accompany H.R. 2112.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Kentucky?

There was no objection.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

S. 1412, H.R. 298, and H.R. 2422, each by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

OFFICER JOHN MAGUIRE POST OFFICE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 1412) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 462 Washington Street, Woburn, Massachusetts, as the "Officer John Maguire Post Office," on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. FARENTHOLD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 385, nays 0, not voting 48, as follows:

[Roll No. 837]

YEAS—385

Ackerman	Barton (TX)	Bonner
Adams	Bass (CA)	Bono Mack
Aderholt	Bass (NH)	Boren
Akin	Becerra	Boswell
Alexander	Benish	Boustany
Altmire	Berg	Brady (PA)
Amash	Berkley	Braley (IA)
Amodei	Berman	Brooks
Andrews	Biggert	Brown (FL)
Austria	Bilbray	Buchanan
Baca	Bilirakis	Bucshon
Bachus	Bishop (GA)	Buerkle
Baldwin	Bishop (NY)	Burgess
Barletta	Bishop (UT)	Burton (IN)
Barrow	Black	Calvert
Bartlett	Blackburn	Camp

Campbell	Harper	Miller (MI)
Canseco	Harris	Miller (NC)
Capito	Hartzler	Miller, Gary
Capps	Hastings (FL)	Miller, George
Capuano	Hastings (WA)	Moore
Carney	Heck	Mulvaney
Carson (IN)	Heinrich	Murphy (PA)
Carter	Hensarling	Myrick
Cassidy	Herger	Nadler
Castor (FL)	Herrera Beutler	Napolitano
Chabot	Higgins	Neal
Chaffetz	Himes	Neugebauer
Chandler	Hinchey	Noem
Chu	Hinojosa	Nugent
Cicilline	Hochul	Nunes
Clarke (MI)	Holden	Nunnelee
Clarke (NY)	Holt	Olson
Clay	Honda	Oliver
Cleaver	Hoyer	Owens
Clyburn	Huelskamp	Palazzo
Coble	Huizenga (MI)	Pallone
Coffman (CO)	Hultgren	Pascarella
Cohen	Hunter	Pastor (AZ)
Cole	Hurt	Paulsen
Conaway	Israel	Payne
Connolly (VA)	Issa	Pearce
Conyers	Jackson (IL)	Pence
Cooper	Jackson Lee	Perlmutter
Costa	(TX)	Peters
Courtney	Jenkins	Peterson
Cravaack	Johnson (IL)	Petri
Crawford	Johnson (OH)	Pitts
Crenshaw	Johnson, E. B.	Platts
Critz	Johnson, Sam	Polis
Crowley	Jones	Pompeo
Cuellar	Jordan	Posey
Cummings	Kaptur	Price (NC)
Davis (CA)	Keating	Quayle
Davis (IL)	Kelly	Quigley
Davis (KY)	Kildee	Rahall
DeFazio	Kind	Rangel
DeLauro	King (IA)	Reed
Denham	King (NY)	Rehberg
Dent	Kingston	Reichert
DesJarlais	Kinzinger (IL)	Renacci
Deutch	Kissell	Reyes
Dicks	Kline	Ribble
Doggett	Kucinich	Richardson
Dold	Labrador	Rigell
Doyle	Lamborn	Rivera
Dreier	Lance	Roby
Duffy	Landry	Roe (TN)
Duncan (SC)	Langevin	Rogers (AL)
Duncan (TN)	Lankford	Rogers (KY)
Edwards	Larsen (WA)	Rogers (MI)
Ellison	Larson (CT)	Rohrabacher
Ellmers	Latham	Rooney
Emerson	LaTourette	Ros-Lehtinen
Engel	Latta	Roskam
Eshoo	Lee (CA)	Ross (AR)
Farenthold	Levin	Ross (FL)
Farr	Lewis (CA)	Rothman (NJ)
Fattah	LoBiondo	Roybal-Allard
Fincher	Loeb	Royce
Fitzpatrick	Loeb	Runyan
Flake	Lofgren, Zoe	Ruppersberger
Fleischmann	Long	Rush
Fleming	Lowe	Ryan (WI)
Flores	Lucas	Sanchez, Loretta
Forbes	Luetkemeyer	Sarbanes
Fox	Lummis	Scalise
Franks (AZ)	Lungren, Daniel	Schakowsky
Frelinghuysen	E.	Schiff
Fudge	Lynch	Schilling
Gallegly	Mack	Schmidt
Garamendi	Maloney	Schrader
Garrett	Manzullo	Schwartz
Gerlach	Marchant	Schweikert
Gibbs	Marino	Scott (SC)
Gibson	Markley	Scott (VA)
Gingrey (GA)	Matheson	Scott, Austin
Gohmert	Matsui	Scott, David
Gonzalez	McCarthy (CA)	Sensenbrenner
Goodlatte	McCaul	Serrano
Gowdy	McClintock	Sewell
Granger	McCollum	Sherman
Graves (GA)	McCotter	Shimkus
Graves (MO)	McDermott	Shuler
Green, Al	McGovern	Shuster
Green, Gene	McHenry	Sires
Griffin (AR)	McIntyre	Slaughter
Griffith (VA)	McKeon	Smith (NE)
Grimm	McMorris	Smith (NJ)
Guinta	Rodgers	Smith (TX)
Guthrie	McNerney	Smith (WA)
Hahn	Meehan	Mica
Hall	Meeks	Michaud
Hanabusa	Mica	Miller (FL)
Hanna	Miller (FL)	Stearns

Stivers	Upton	West
Stutzman	Van Hollen	Westmoreland
Sullivan	Velázquez	Wilson (FL)
Sutton	Visclosky	Wilson (SC)
Terry	Walberg	Wittman
Thompson (CA)	Walden	Wolf
Thompson (MS)	Walsh (IL)	Womack
Thompson (PA)	Walz (MN)	Woodall
Thornberry	Wasserman	Woolsey
Tipton	Schultz	Yarmuth
Tonko	Waters	Yoder
Towns	Watt	Young (AK)
Tsongas	Waxman	Young (FL)
Turner (NY)	Webster	Young (IN)
Turner (OH)	Welch	

NOT VOTING—48

Bachmann	Gardner	Pelosi
Blumenauer	Giffords	Pingree (ME)
Brady (TX)	Gosar	Poe (TX)
Broun (GA)	Grijalva	Price (GA)
Butterfield	Gutierrez	Richmond
Cantor	Hayworth	Rokita
Cardoza	Hirono	Ryan (OH)
Carnahan	Inslee	Sánchez, Linda
Costello	Johnson (GA)	T.
Culberson	Lewis (GA)	Schock
DeGette	Lipinski	Simpson
Diaz-Balart	Lujan	Speier
Dingell	McCarthy (NY)	Tiberi
Donnelly (IN)	McKinley	Tierney
Filner	Moran	Whitfield
Fortenberry	Murphy (CT)	
Frank (MA)	Paul	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1854

Mr. HEINRICH changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall 837, I was away from the Capitol due to prior commitments to my constituents. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

ARMY SPECIALIST MATTHEW TROY MORRIS POST OFFICE BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 298) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 500 East Whitestone Boulevard in Cedar Park, Texas, as the "Army Specialist Matthew Troy Morris Post Office Building," on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. FARENTHOLD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 391, nays 0, not voting 42, as follows:

[Roll No. 838]

YEAS—391

Ackerman	Akin	Amash
Adams	Alexander	Amodei
Aderholt	Altmire	Andrews